Postural Care Skills

How and why does the body change shape?



Learning Objectives

The Awareness Unit covers 6 aspects of postural care.

- Identification of need
- Pain profiling and consent
- Posture analysis
- Safety
- Thermal care
- Planning and introducing postural care at night



Our training materials

The following slides are examples of the teaching materials used by our trainers under license

We also use experiential learning methods, models, discussion, problem solving activities and analysis of stories told by families

Our organisation is quality assured every 6 months and all training is accredited regionally through the Open College Network West Midlands Region



The Mansfield Checklist

Identifying those in need of body shape protection

- 1) Does the body stay in a limited number of positions?
 - 2) Do the knees seem to be drawn usually to one side? or inwards? or outwards?
 - 3) Does the head seem to turn mainly to one side?
 - 4) Does the body tend to flex forward? or extend backwards? or both?
 - 5) Is the body shape already asymmetric?





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Changes in body shape make it even more difficult for the person to move...

This results in

"habitual lying postures"

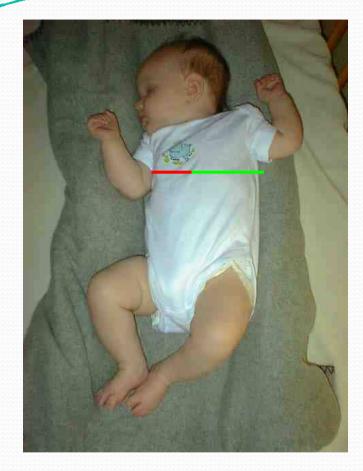
"I usually lie like this"

becoming

"obligatory lying postures"

"I have to lie like this"





What begins as normal distortion...



...becomes fixed and exaggerated in some people



How and why does the body change shape?



Patterns of Distortion of the Legs

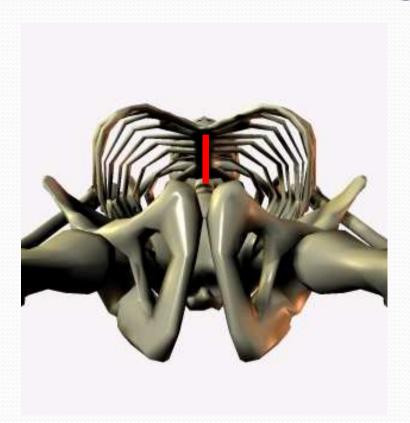
Knees together

Knees apart

Knees to one side



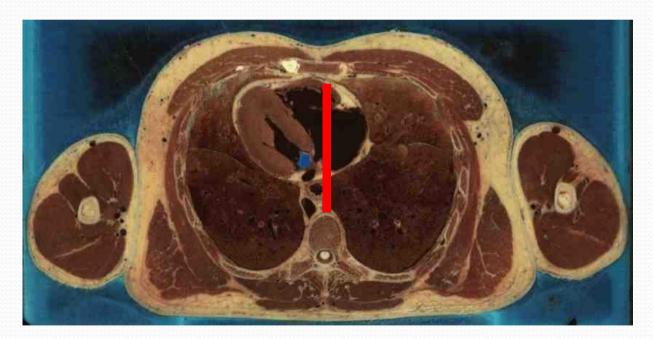
Protecting the chest



The chest changes shape because of compression (squashing) and/or rotation (twisting)



If we look at the space that is usually taken up by the heart, lungs and blood vessels the implications of chest distortion are considerable



d: w = 0.71



Symmetrical Compression

If you measure the persons chest depth and divide it by the chest width it will give you a ratio.

Depth: Width Ratio (d:w)







Compression has caused this young man's chest to flatten.

What do you think the implications of this chest shape are for him?



If the sterno-spinal line is at an angle the chest will rotate over time. The direction of **rotation** usually follows the position of the legs.



Looking from the persons feet... **Clockwise** rotation of the chest

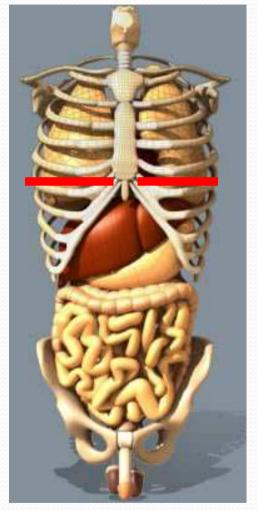


If the sterno-spinal line is at an angle the chest will rotate over time. The direction of **rotation** usually follows the position of the legs.



Looking from the persons feet... **Anticlockwise** rotation of the chest





14cm

14cm

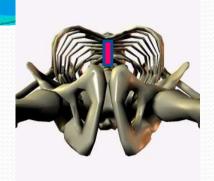
Rotational Distortion and Measurement Expressed by the right/left ratio

symmetry = (r:l) = 1





Lying on your tummy





The forces involved in lying prone (on your tummy) are much bigger as the weight of the spine is now on top



Rotational distortion in prone

This person has hip and knee flexion and so needs to put their legs on one side. They also have to turn their head so that they can breathe. This introduces rotational and compression forces.



This sleeping position is very destructive









Quality assured and accredited training used in conjunction with measurement of body symmetry provides therapy services with objective outcome measures

It also provides families with accurate information, effective and demonstrable skills and the ability to self manage the risk of body shape distortion



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