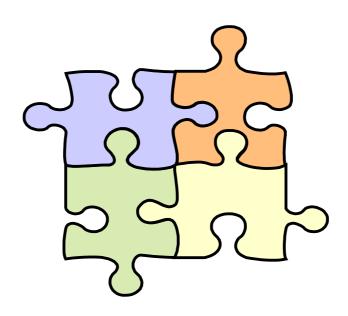


Type 2

Diabetes and Coronary Heart Disease

Risk Assessment Care Plan



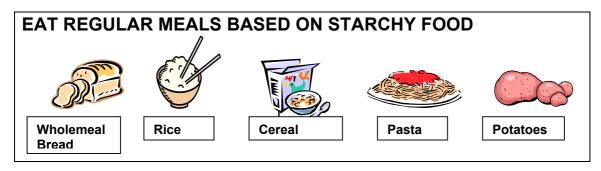
DIABETES AND CORONARY HEART DISEASE RISK MANAGEMENT

Name	
D.O.B	
Address	
Hospital Number	
CLDN	
Diabetic Nurse	
Consultant	
Care Manager	
C.S.W.	
Chiropodist	
G.P.	
Date Completed	

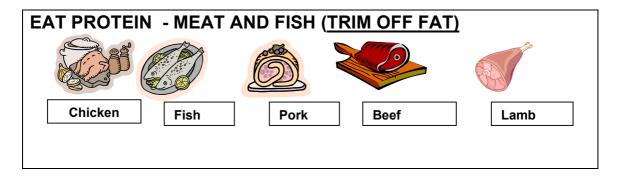
Who is risk?	
How at Risk	Example:
	Non-compliance to = medication
	= diet
	= exercise

Name:	DOB
IW No:	

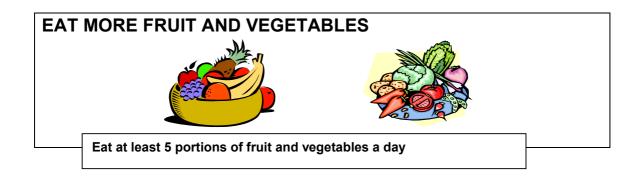
TO REDUCE MY RISK OF PROBLEMS WITH MY DIABETES







GRILL, STEAM, OVEN BAKE FOOD, INSTEAD OF FRYING



Name:	DOB
IW No:	

TO HELP YOUR HEART



CUT DOWN on fatty foods (chips, butter, margarine, cheese, fatty meat like pork, burgers, sausages).

Try to limit yourself to one per week













CUT DOWN on sugar or foods that contain sugar.





Try to limit yourself to one per week

CUT DOWN salt as salt will increase your blood pressure.



Don't cook with salt . Add after cooking if you must have it.

CUT DOWN on alcohol (one glass of wine or ½ pint normal strength

beer).



Maximum for women 1-2 per day Maximum for men 1-3 per day

Maximum for women 1 - 2 per day Maximum for men 1 - 3 per day

NEVER DRINK ALCOHOL ON AN EMPTY STOMACH

Name:	DOB
IM/ No:	

POSSIBLE EFFECTS OF HIGH BLOOD SUGAR CAN BE MADE WORSE BY:







Lack of exercise

High Blood Pressure and high cholesterol

Being overweight

This can lead to:

RISK

HEART DISEASE





- · Can lead to heart failure/heart attacks
- Strokes
- Eye disease
- Kidney damage

MINIMISING RISK

- Regular, gentle exercise (walking, swimming) up to 30 minutes a day
- Stop smoking
- Take your tablets regularly for blood pressure and blood sugar
- Have breakfast, lunch, dinner and a light supper (piece of toast or banana.
- Keep blood sugar below 9 mmols
- Reduce fat and salt
- Reduce alcohol

RISK:

DETERIORATION IN WHAT YOU CAN SEE.





MINIMISING RISK

Keep blood sugar <u>below</u> 9 mmol Keep blood pressure below 140/80

Name:	DOB
IW No:	<u> </u>
RISK	

X
Loss of feeling to the feet
Increase risk of ulcer



MINIMISING RISK ✔

DAMAGE TO FEET

- Wear comfortable, well fitting footwear
- Inspect your feet daily for cuts, sores, report to G.P.
- Keep blood sugar below 9 mmol
- Regularly see chiropodist
- Eat balanced diet

RISK X DAMAGE TO KIDNEYS



Minimising Risk ✓

- Eating a good diet that is Low in fat and sugar
- Include fruit, vegetables, pasta, bread fish.
- Keep blood sugar below 9 mmol
- Keep blood pressure down
- Take your tablets.

Na	ame: DOB
IW	/ No:
	WHATNEEDS TO DO TO IMPROVE THEIR HEALTH
Ma	anagement guidelines:
1.	Keep blood sugar below 9 mmol.
2.	To follow the health advice provided to
3.	To attend regular medical appointments to include Diabetes Clinic, blood pressure, eye check and chiropody, supported by
4.	To continue to receive help from to help to help choose healthy food to maintain their diabetic control.
5.	To constantly eat a healthy, balanced diet, which is low in fat, sugar and salt and increase their physical activity.
6.	All professionals involved to use the same language with, stating the facts in a simple clear way.
Sı	ummary
co un to	has been given all the health advice to help them introl their Diabetes. This information has been given in a language that they iderstand. He/she is able to tell you what may happen to them if they continue not carry out this advice and has a reasonable understanding of the risk ctors when they eat "treats".
	is able to make informed choices and often bes. It is our opinion that they do have capacity to understand their condition at the likely risks to their health.
	often chooses not to follow the health advice ven to them.

Name:	DOB
IW No:	

BLOOD SUGAR

32 DANGEROUSLY POOR 16 VERY POOR	STOP Eating treats – Cake, chocolate, chips, biscuits
14 POOR	
12 VERY BAD	THINK About what you have eaten.
10 BAD	Increase pasta, potatoes, brown bread until blood sugar is below 9
8 GOOD	Keep eating
6 VERY GOOD	As you are And remember to exercise.
4 EXCELLENT	

IF ABOVE 14 CONTACT YOUR PRACTICE NURSE OR G.P. FOR ADVICE.